

Sapphire Flip-chip Thermocompression and Eutectic Bonding for Dielectric Laser Accelerator

Huiyang Deng, Yu Miao

Project Mentors:

Prof. Roger T. Howe, Dr. Mark Zdeblick, Dr. Anthony Flannery, Usha Raghuram

Research Advisors:

Prof. James S. Harris, Prof. Olav Solgaard

Outline

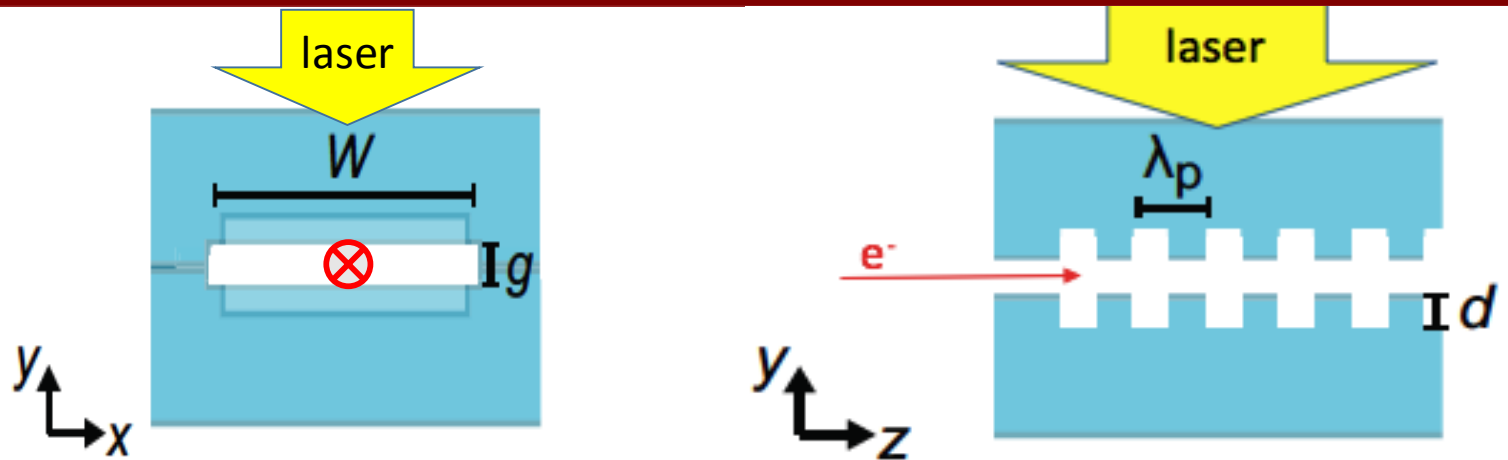
- Motivations
- Au/Au Thermocompression Bonding for Sapphire Chips
- Au/Sn Eutectic Bonding for Sapphire Chips
- Bonding Sapphire Chips for Dielectric Laser Accelerator
- Summary

Introduction



Double gratings can be used to accelerate electrons with laser

Motivation



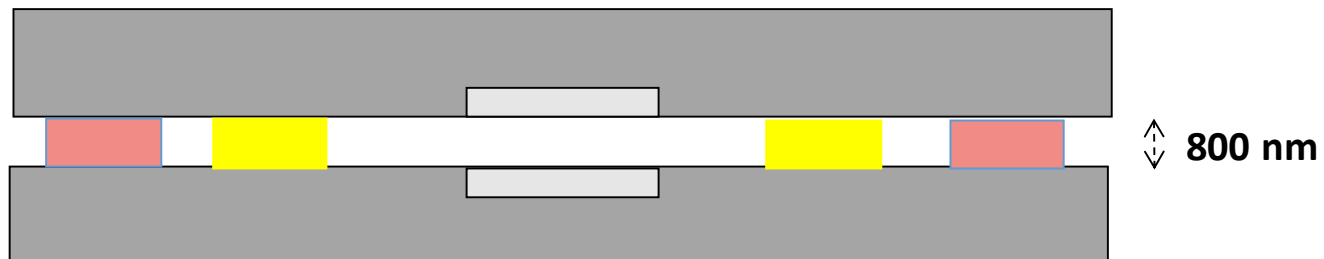
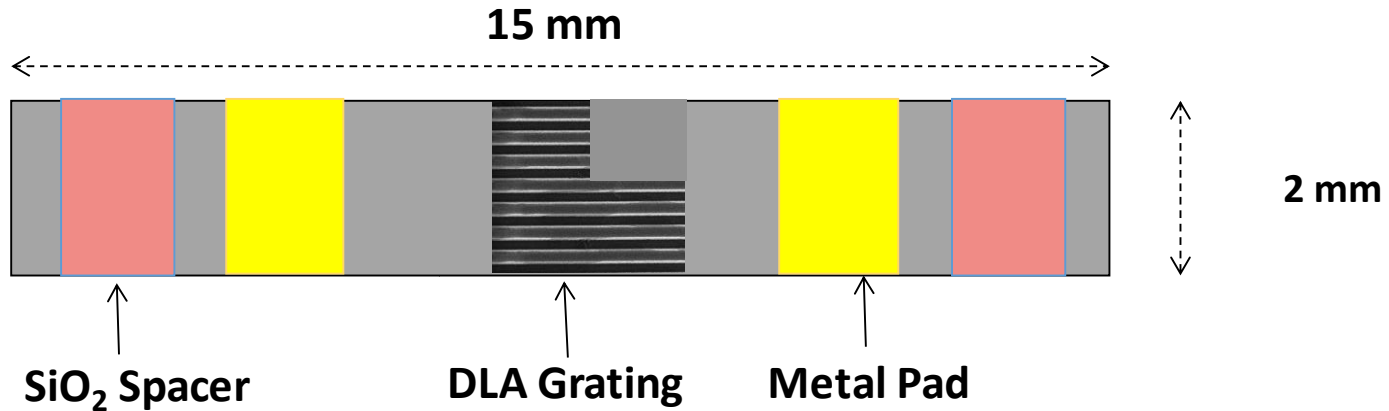
SiO_2 --> Sapphire grating: high LIDT & high n

- Double grating better than single grating
- But difficult to fabricate double grating monolithically (sapphire hard to etch)

→ Fabricate two halves + **Bonding**

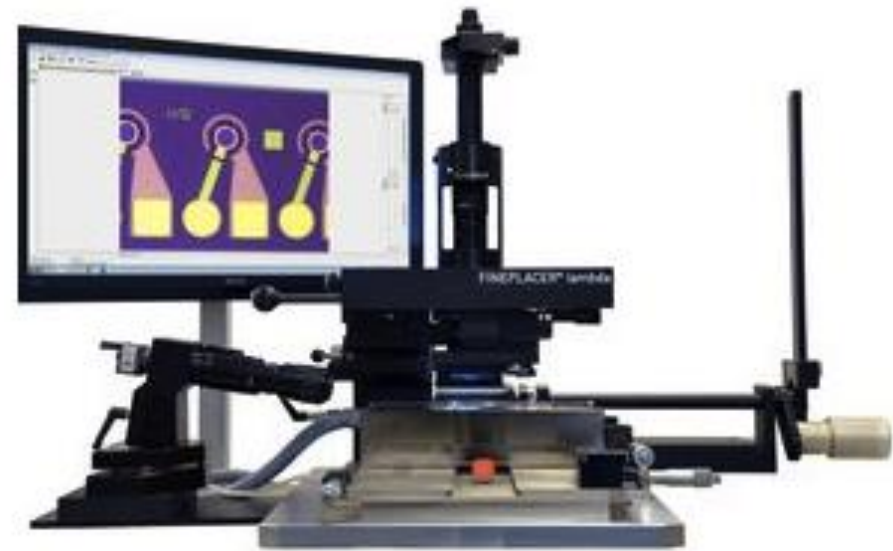
Project Goal

Bond Top Half to Bottom Half Using Intermediate Layers
(two chips do not fall apart during handling)



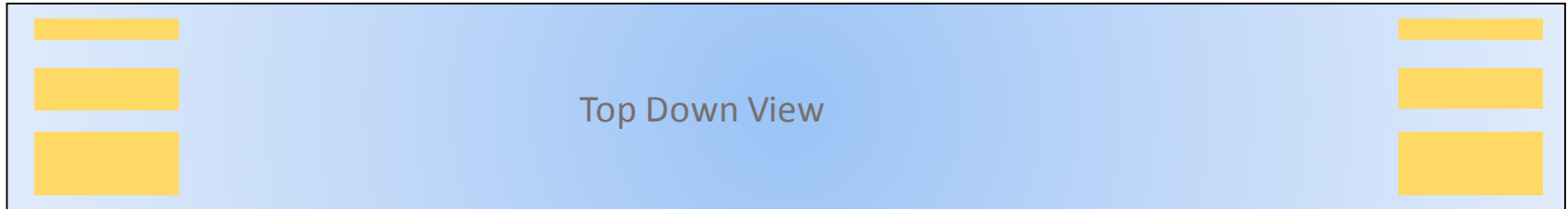
Finetech FINEPLACER Lambda Bonder

- Overlay vision alignment with fixed beam splitter
Max field of view: 6.7 mm x 5.4 mm
Sub-micron placement accuracy
- Bonding Force: 0.1 - 20 N
- Heating temperature: 400°C max
Below 380°C is the allowed range
- Real time process observation camera
- Chip size: 0.1x0.1mm - 15x15mm
- N₂ box

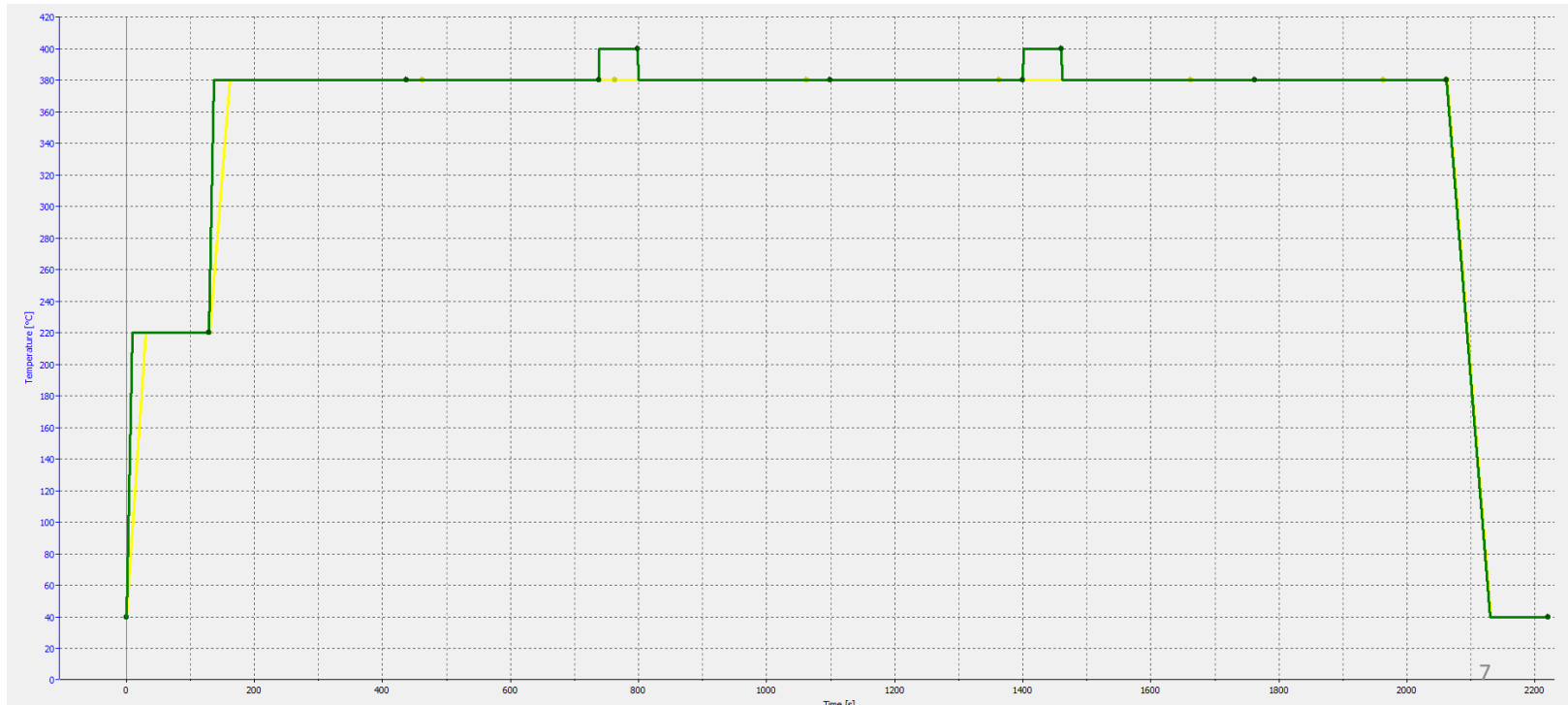


Au/Au Thermocompression Bonding

- Au/Au brought into atomic contact applying force and heat simultaneously
- The atoms migrate from one crystal lattice to the other one based on crystal lattice vibration due to atoms motion
- 20nm Ti/ 450nm Au on each side



Temperature Profile



Au/Au Thermocompression Bonding Results

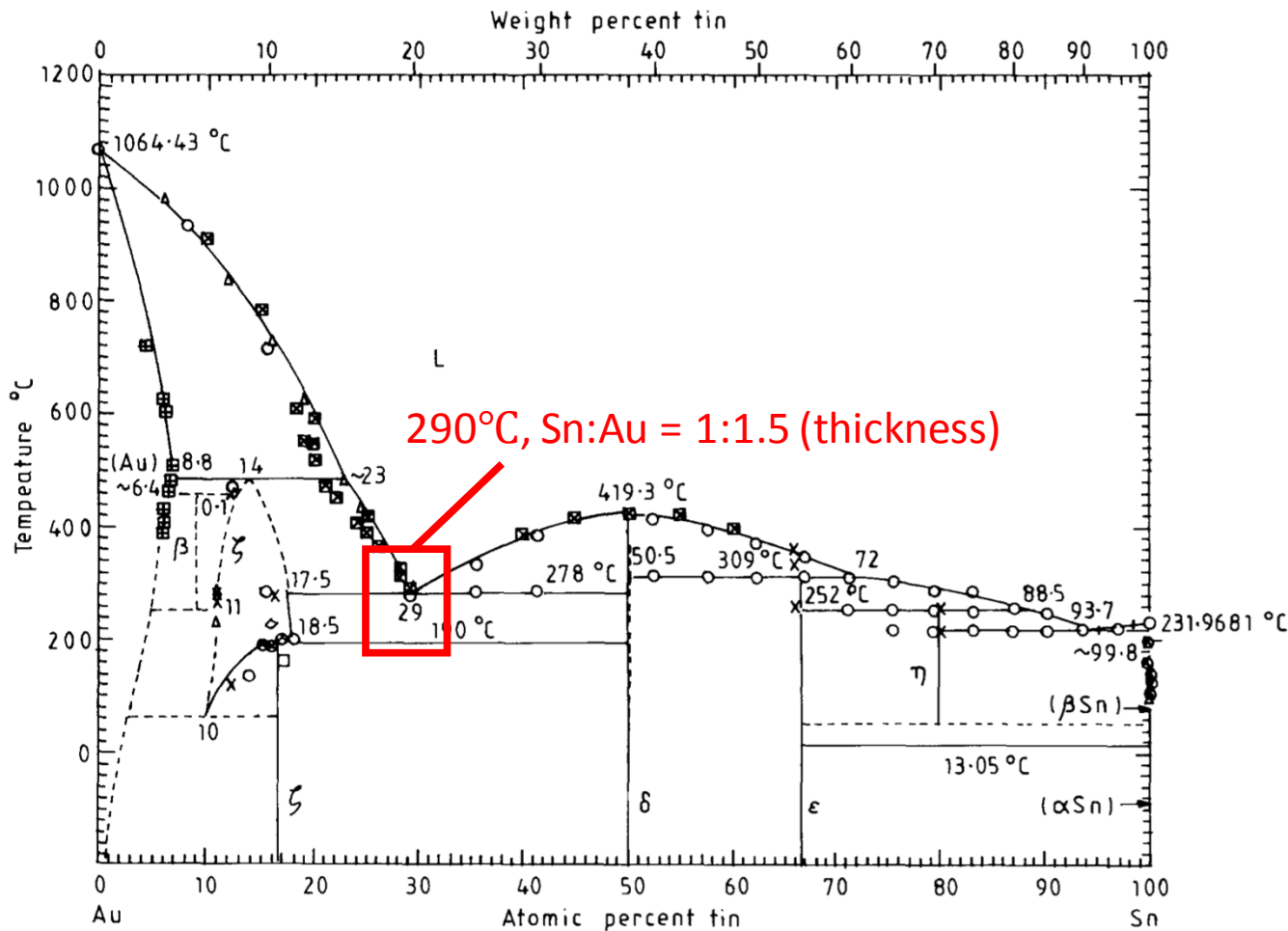
	cleaning	pressure	bonding
1st	x	166KPa	x
2nd	✓	166KPa	✓
3rd	✓	1MPa	✓✓

Successful bonding @ Max Time (45min) + Max Temperature (380°C)

- ✓ Cleaning is critical (O₂ plasma + SRS100@70°C 30min +wear gowning);
- ✓ Higher pressure -> Better thermocompression bonding
- Requires very long bonding time
- Bonding strength good, but could be improved

Au/Sn Eutectic Bonding

- An intermediate metal layer produces a eutectic system.
- Eutectic metals are alloys that transform directly from solid to liquid state
- At a specific composition and temperature without passing a two-phase equilibrium



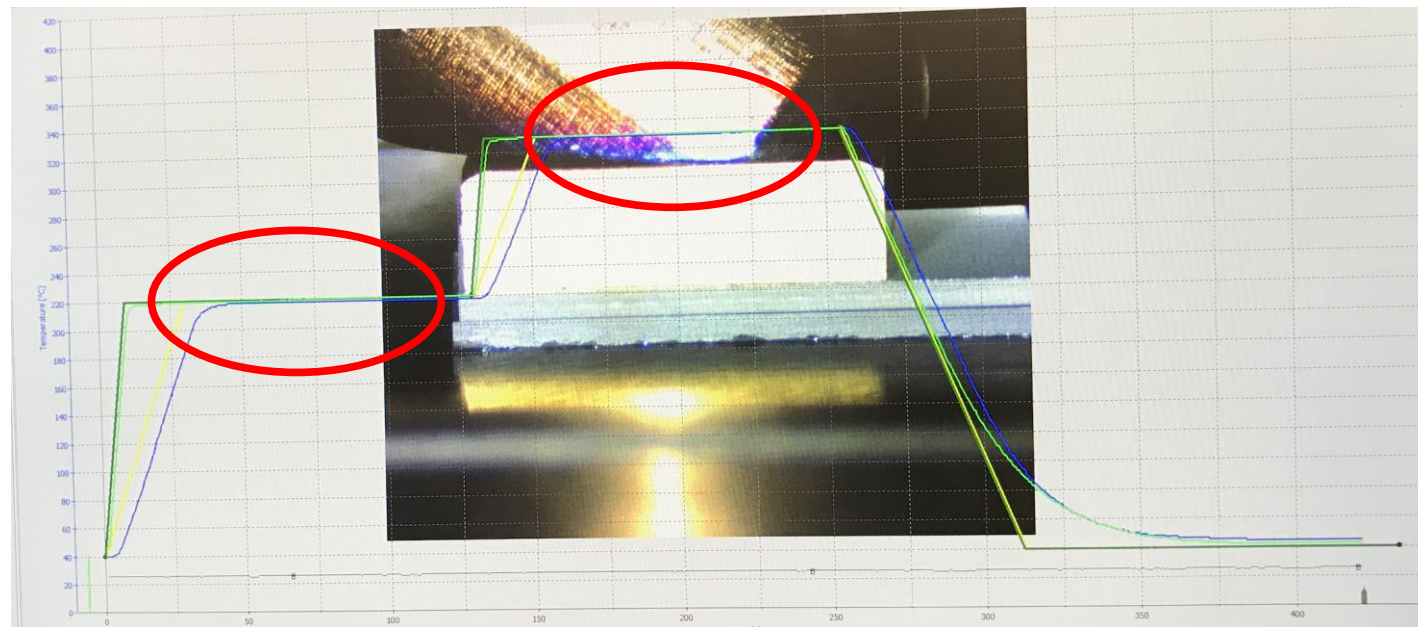
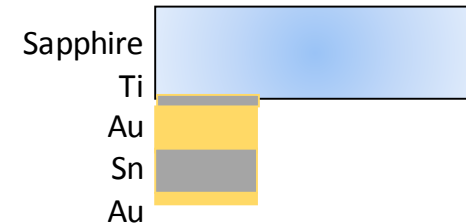
Au/Sn Eutectic Bonding

Sn/Au Eutectic Bonding

- 20nm Ti/450nm Au/320nm Sn/30nm Au

Processes:

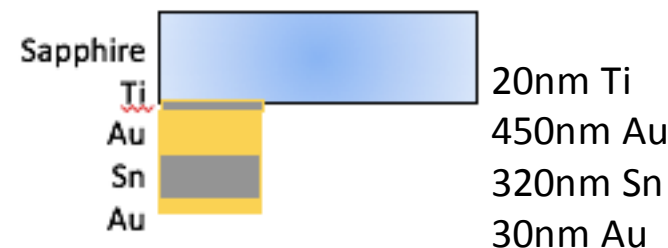
1. Deposit metal stack
2. O₂ plasma + SRS 100 + wear gowning
3. Pre-heat the sample during the bonding process
4. 20N of max bonding force



Au/Sn Eutectic Bonding Results

Dropping test from 1.2m high table

	280°C	290°C	300°C	340°C
5min	1	2	2	2
7min		5	1	1
9min	1	1		



Successful eutectic bonding with metal stack

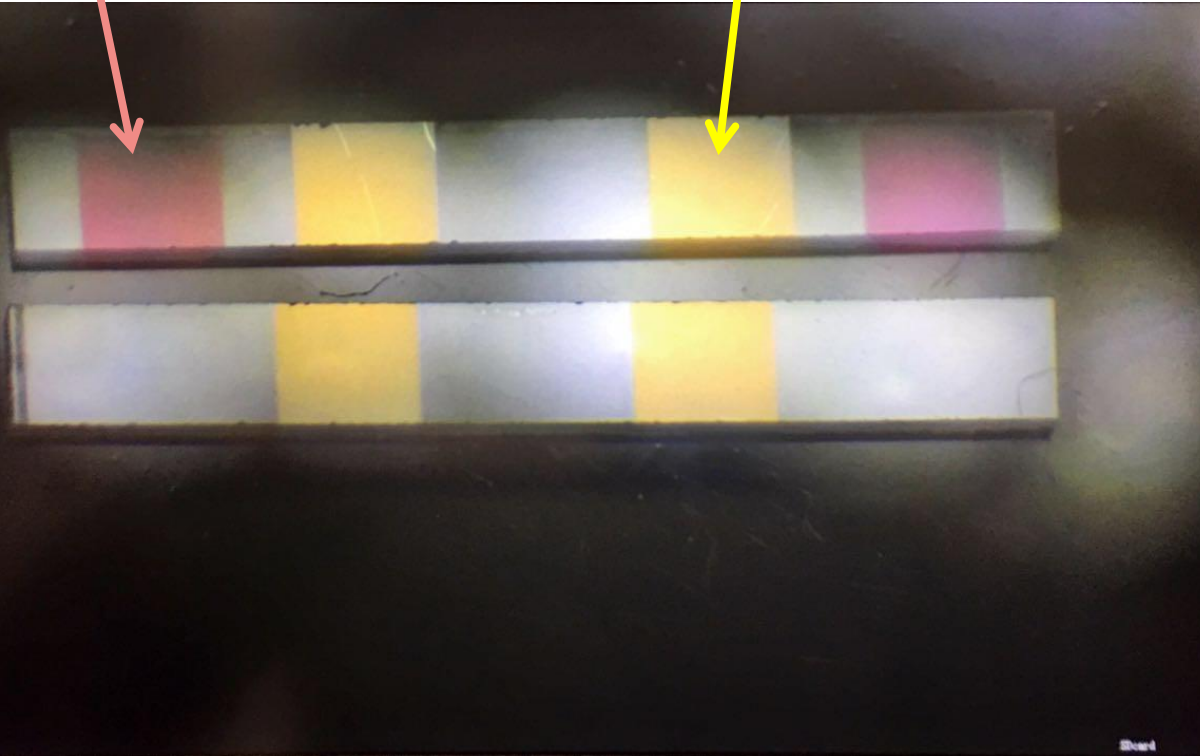
- ✓ Obvious melting and eutectic forming;
- ✓ Optimal recipe: 290°C 7min (repeated 4 times, 4-7 drops);
- ✓ Bonding time is shorter & temperature is lower;
- Cleaning is very critical;
 - no cleaning -> no bond;
 - cleaning -> good bond;
 - cleaning-> sit 5 days -> no bond -> redo cleaning -> good bond
- Top layer of 30nm Au is critical (prevent Sn->SnO₂);

Sapphire Dielectric Laser Accelerator

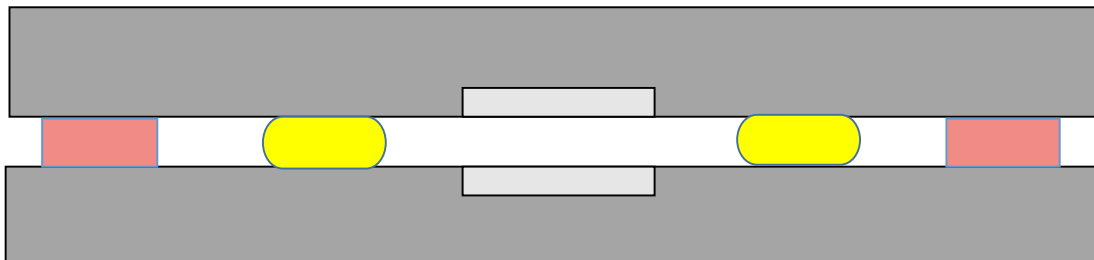
Spacer: accurately control the gap to be 800nm

800nm SiO₂

20nm Ti/450nm Au/320nm Sn/30nm Au



- ✓ Metal stack for eutectic bonding
- ✓ HDPCVD oxide spacer



800 nm

Chips well
bonded

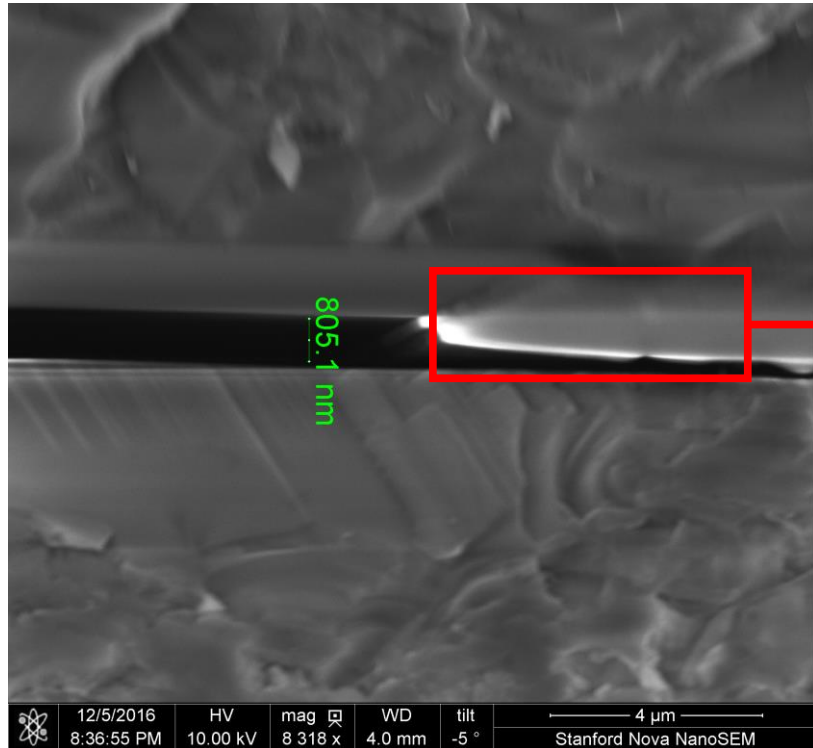
Top View

Cross-section View

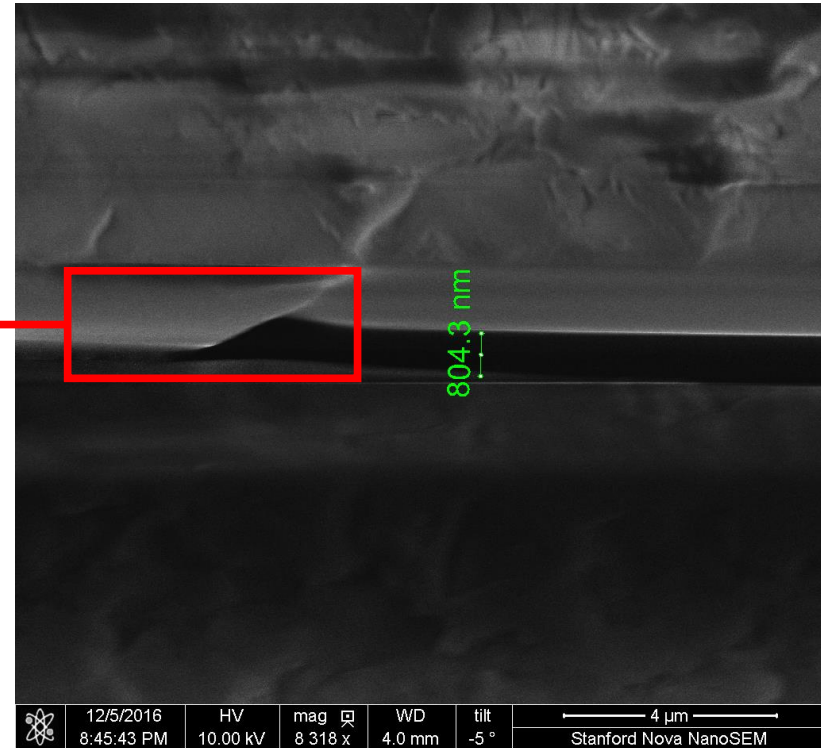


Sapphire Dielectric Laser Accelerator

Cross-section SEM to Check 800nm Gap



Spacer



Successful thermocompression and eutectic bonding

- ✓ Cleaning is critical for bonding
- ✓ Au/Sn eutectic bonding performs better than Au/Au thermocompression bonding in this flip-chip bonder
 - X particles + not enough pressure
 - > higher pressure (other model 400N) + better environment
- ✓ Top layer of Au is critical for eutectic bonding metal stack

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Friends and families



ExFab

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